

“Rodents of Unusual Size”

“I don’t think they really exist”



HISTORY & CURRENT STATUS OF NUTRIA IN VIRGINIA

NEANS & MAPAIS JOINT MEETING
DECEMBER 10, 2019



CONSERVE. CONNECT. PROTECT.



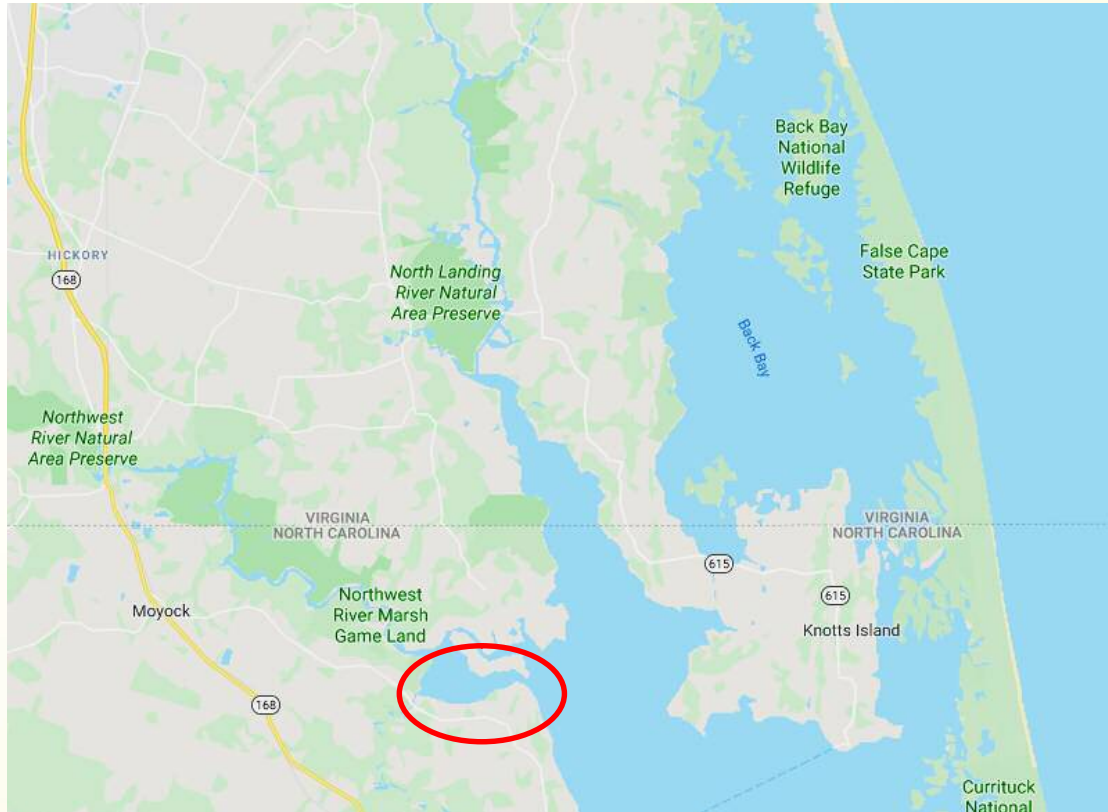
“THE THING”

First nutria
documented in Virginia
was trapped in Back
Bay area in 1956.

*“ The trap was hooked on
to the paw of the biggest
dern muskrat I ever saw”*



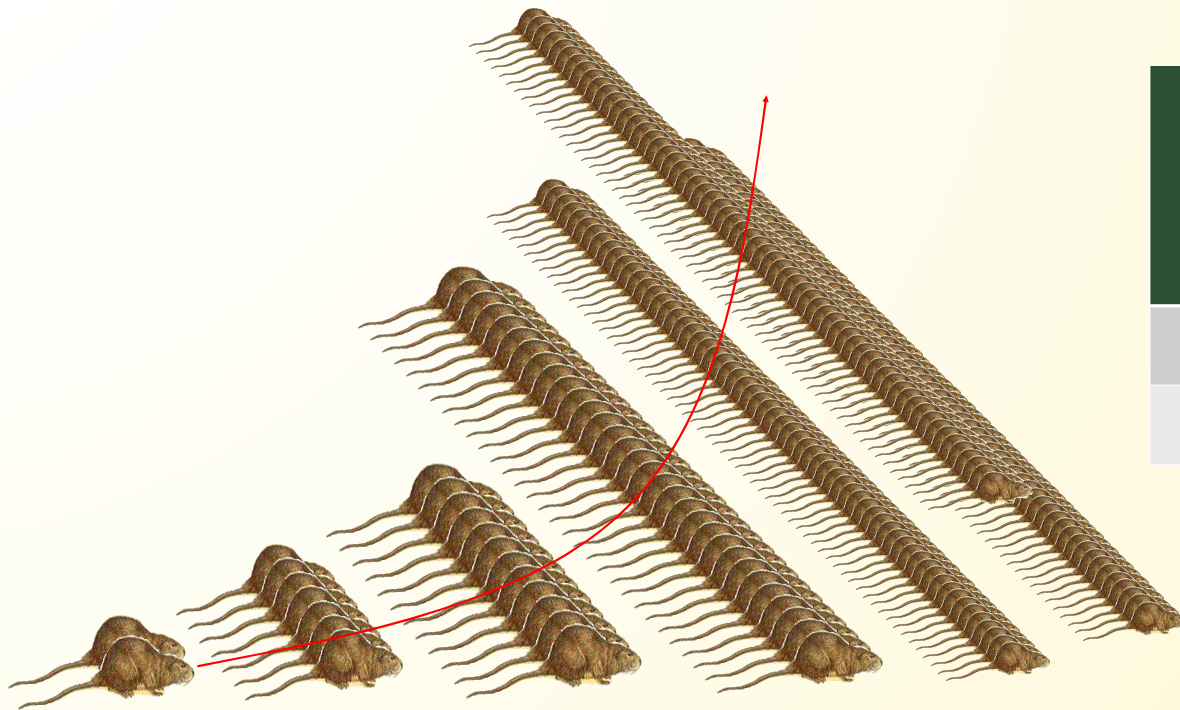
WHERE DID THEY COME FROM?



Nutria were reportedly introduced in the Tull's Creek or Northwest River area in North Carolina during the early 1950's



POPULATIONS GREW AND LIKELY PEAKED IN VIRGINIA DURING THE 1970'S



Season	Nutria Pelts Purchased By Virginia Fur Dealers
1975-76	4,848
1976-77	2,137

Average pelt price in
1976-77 was \$3.75
(\$11.65 in 2018 dollars)



WINTER OF 1976-77



FROZEN CHESAPEAKE BAY - JANUARY 1977

“coldest winter on the East Coast since the founding of the Republic”

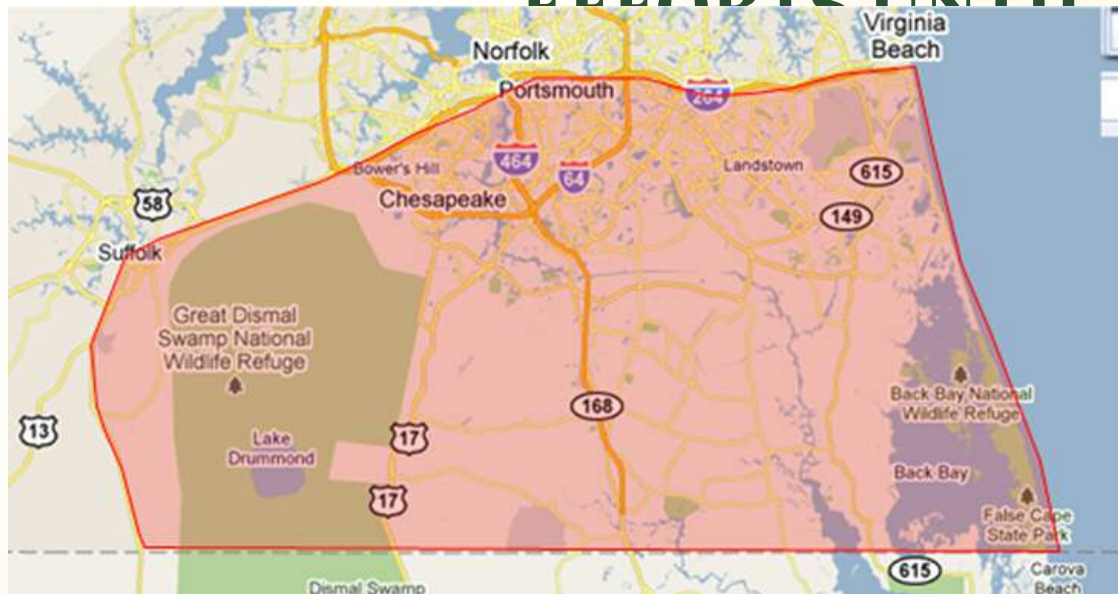
Average temperature in Norfolk, VA during January 1977 was 29.2° F

Season	Nutria Pelts Purchased By Virginia Fur Dealers
1977-78	737



NO COORDINATED POPULATION MONITORING

EFFORTS UNTIL 2011



Populations were believed to be limited to southeast corner of state with occasional reports on Delmarva Peninsula



VA/NC Nutria Assessment Project (MAPAIS/DGIF/USFWS Funding 2012-2014)

- Design and implement a standard interagency reporting process
- Delineate the current distribution of nutria in VA
- Establish a multiagency panel to guide development of a nutria eradication plan
- Publish a report on the status of nutria in Virginia with options for future control or eradication
- Develop a Mid-Atlantic (NC/VA) Nutria Management Strategic Plan



DEVELOP STANDARDIZED REPORTING SYSTEM

Report a Nutria in Virginia



[CMI Home Page](#) [Report a Nutria](#) [About the Project](#) [Identification of Nutria](#) [Species Information](#) [Human/Wildlife Conflicts](#)

Report a Nutria in Virginia

Please provide any information regarding sightings of nutria in Virginia or the surrounding states. The collection of this information is important to actively manage this species. In no way will CMI or the partner agencies share or sell the information provided below. We thank you for your time in assisting in the management of this invasive species. NOTE: Required fields are in red.

Required Fields:

Date of Sighting (M/D/YY): State: City:

Nearest Address/Intersection: Zip:

Number of Nutria Seen:

Optional Fields:

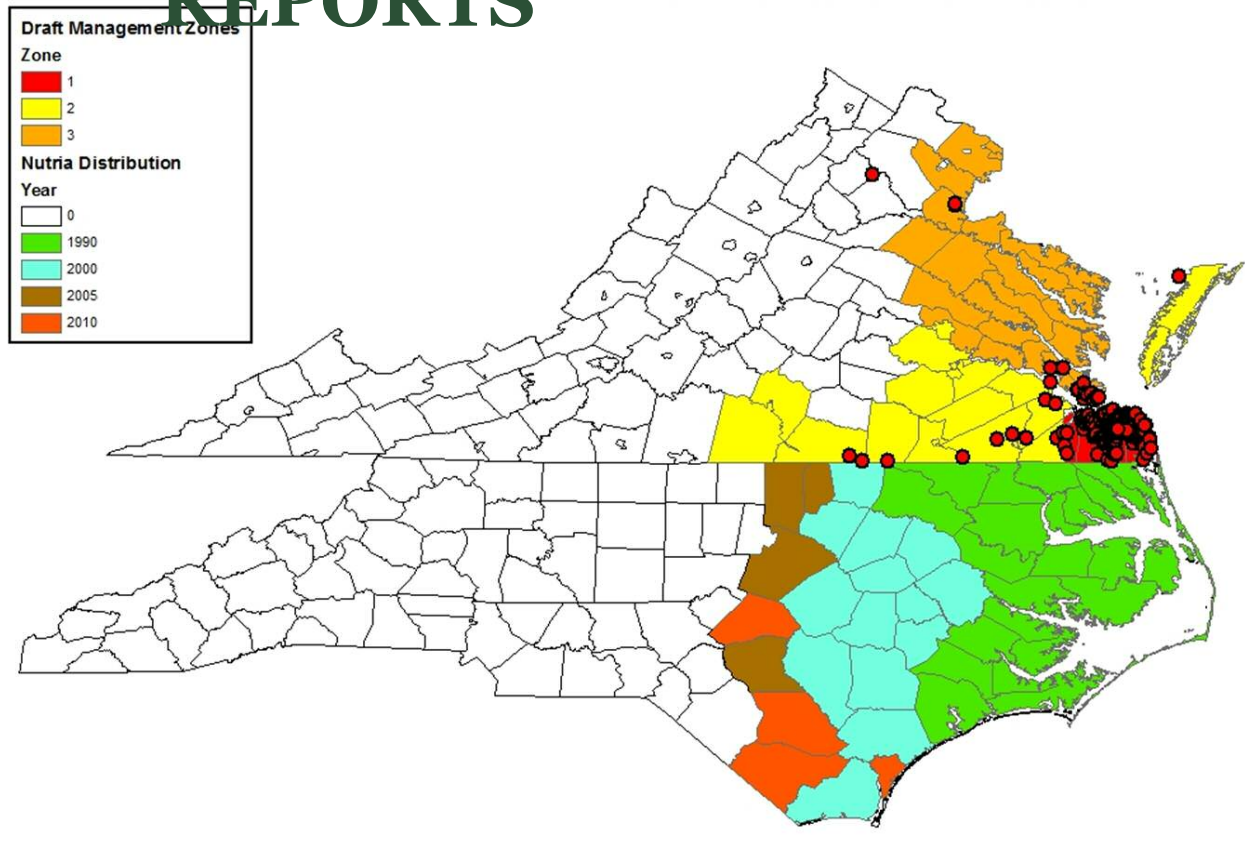
First Name: Last Name:

Contact Email (for follow-up):

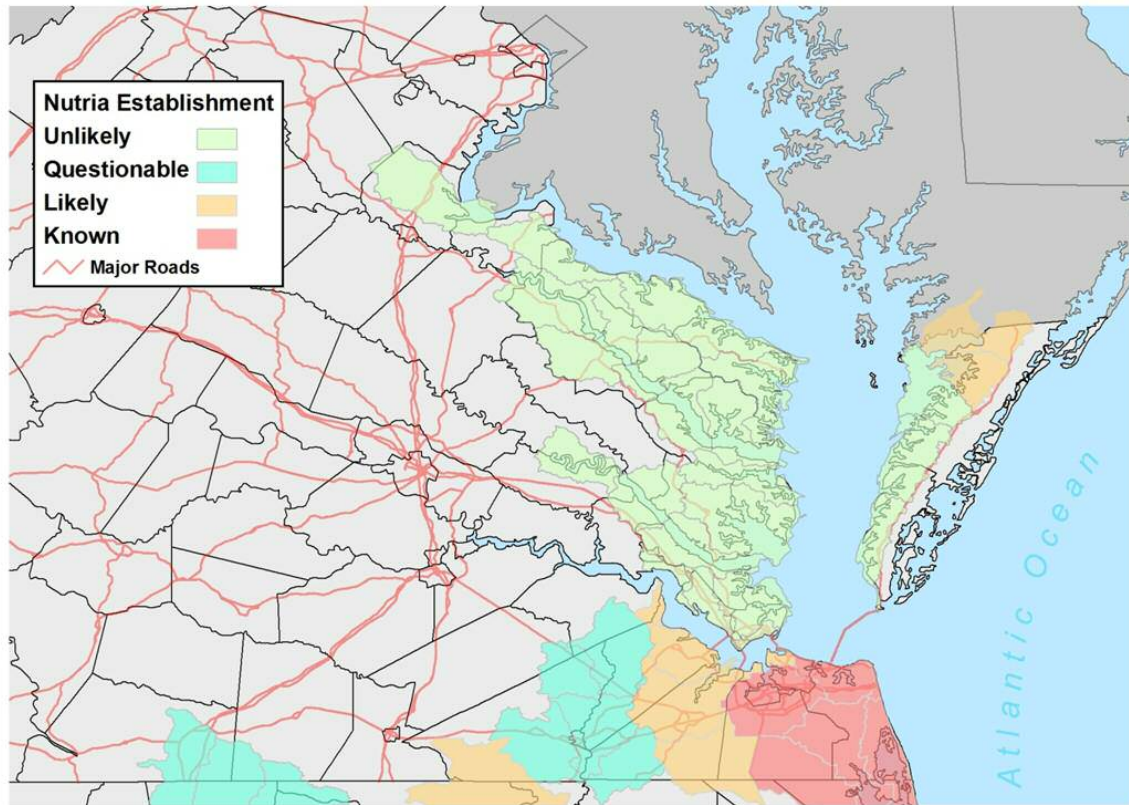
- Developed a database of historic observation records (1956-2011) and created internet-based reporting system for public to report observations
- Observations also solicited via e-mails to natural resource groups, classified ads in local newspapers, direct mailings to trappers, newspaper articles, and television interviews.



MAPPING AND INVESTIGATING REPORTS



CONTEMPORARY NUTRIA DISTRIBUTION (2012)



Unlikely - suitable habitat but no credible reports

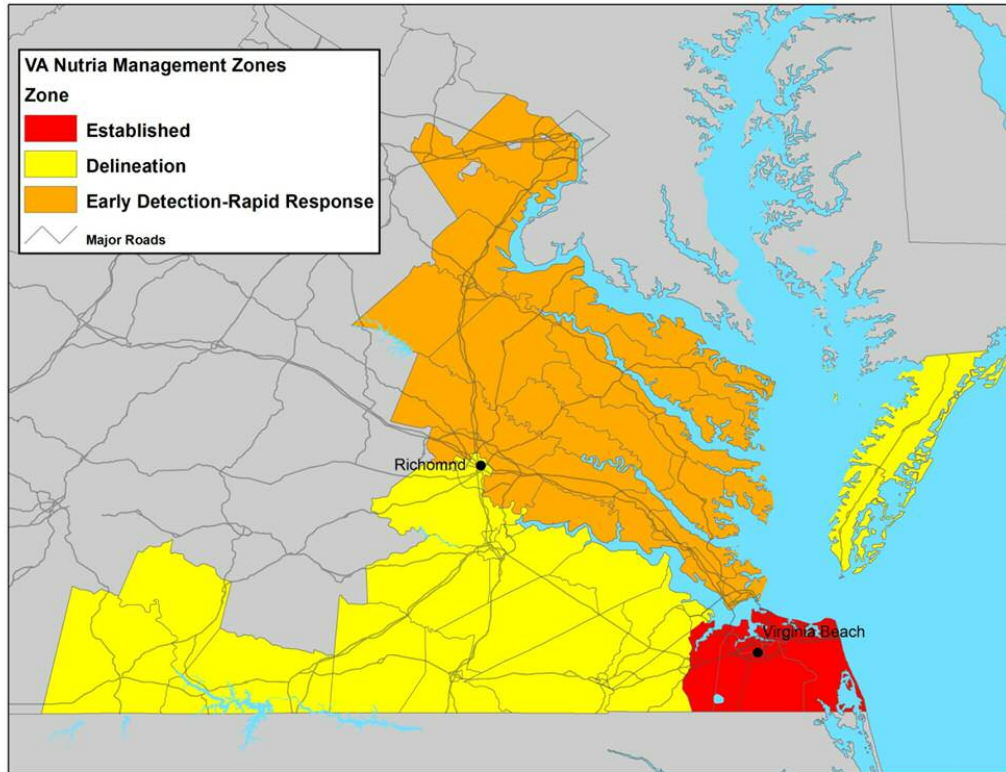
Questionable - reliable reports but not believed to be established

Likely - confirmed reports, likely established, probably not large numbers

Known - established and widespread in suitable habitats



EDUCATION & TARGETED FIELD



HELP US PROTECT VIRGINIA'S MARSH LANDS

HUMPED BACK **LARGE ORANGE TEETH**

WEIGHT UPTO 20 LB **LIGHT BROWN FUR**

ROUND TAIL **LONG WHITE WHISKERS**

PARTIALLY WEBBED HIND FEET

PLEASE REPORT INVASIVE NUTRIA

855-571-9003





VA Nutria Detector Dog Program (MAPAIS/DGIF/USFWS Funding 2015-2016)

- Train canines to detect range expansions within Virginia's *Early Detection – Rapid Response* management zone
- Examine efficiency of our detector dogs under varying environmental conditions
- Examine effectiveness and efficiency of our detector dogs in presence of non-target furbearers
- Enable DGIF response and investigation of nutria reports outside of known distribution in Virginia



NUTRIA DETECTOR DOG PROGRAM - VIRGINIA

Biologist Todd Engelmeyer & “Birdee”



MAPAIS Research Project:
*Determine Accuracy & Optimal
Environmental Conditions For
Canine Detection of Nutria*

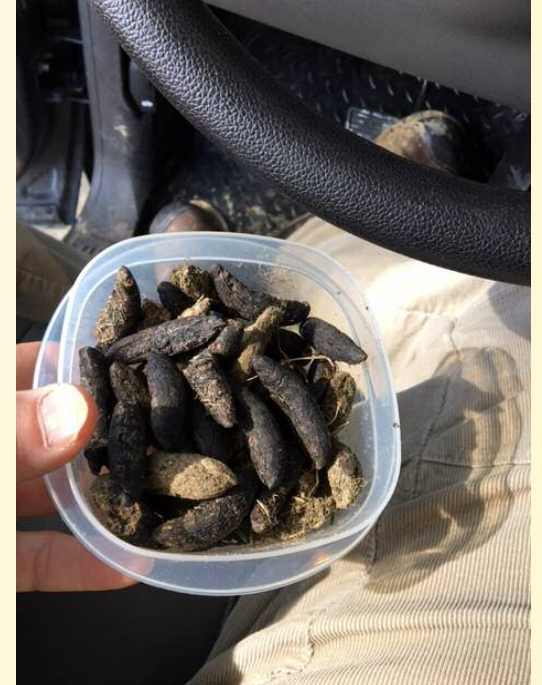
Results:

99.1% Accurate

Wind and low temperatures increased
efficiency for canine detection



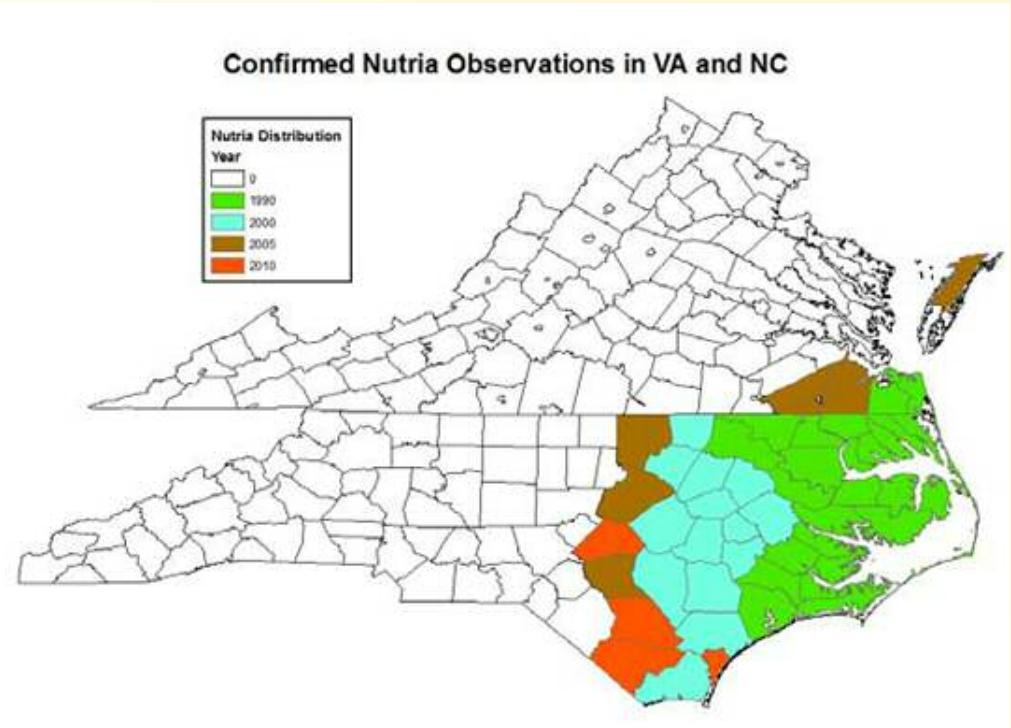
CONTINUE TARGETED INVESTIGATION OF SIGHTINGS



Currently searching for replacement detector dog

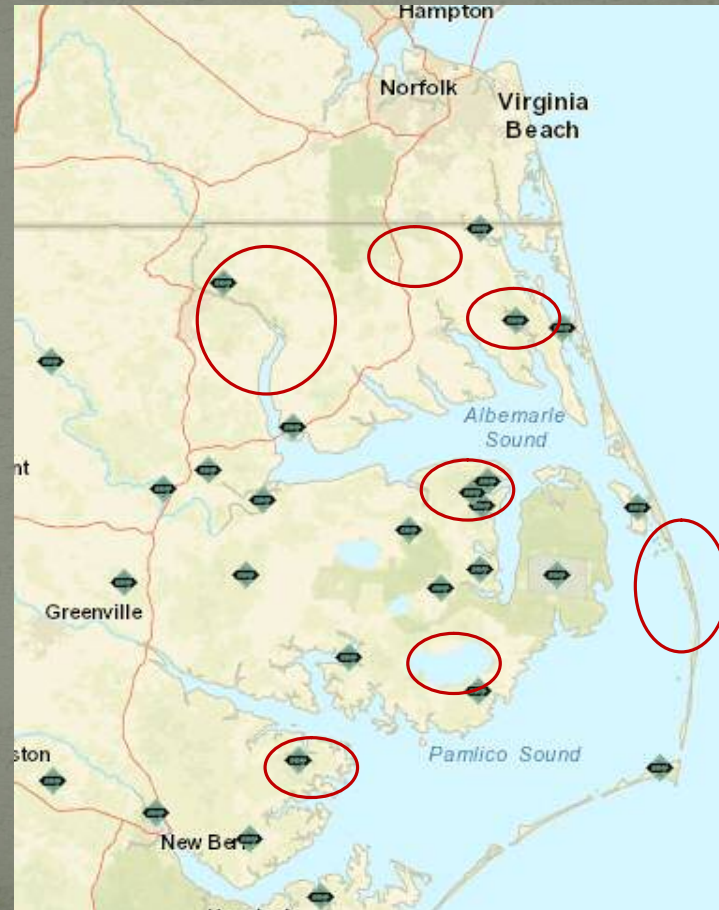


THE NORTH CAROLINA CONNECTION



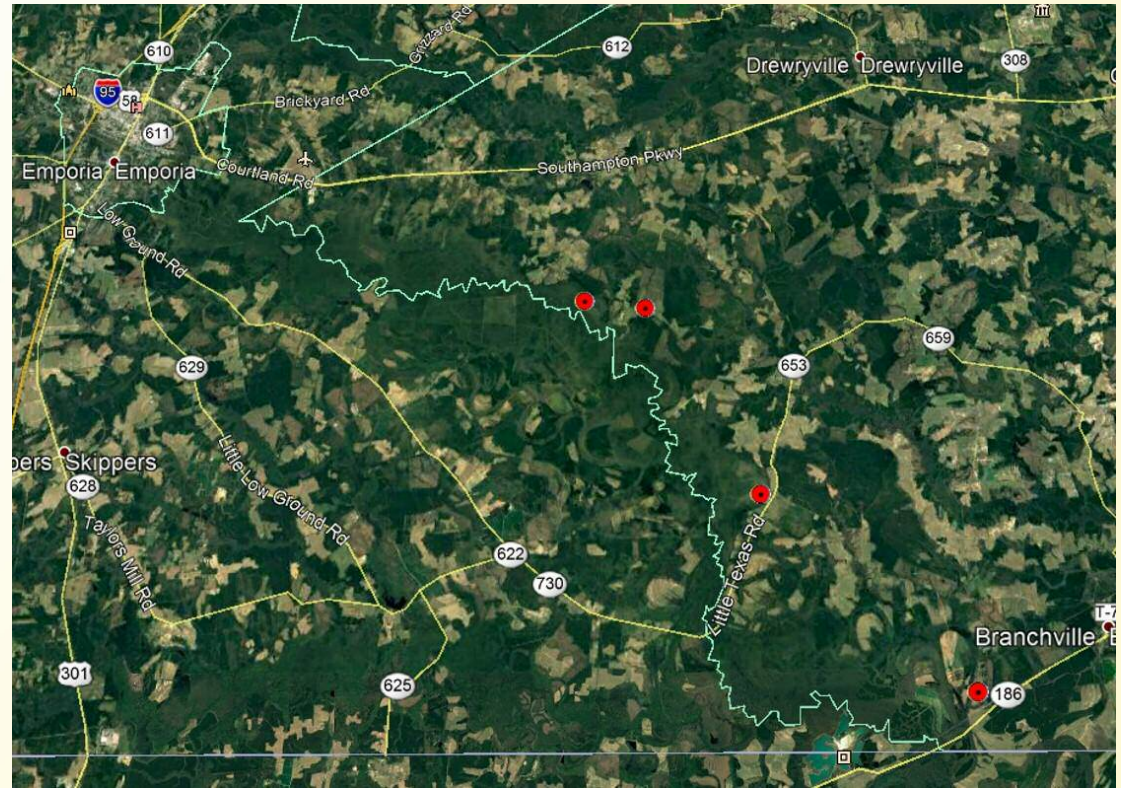
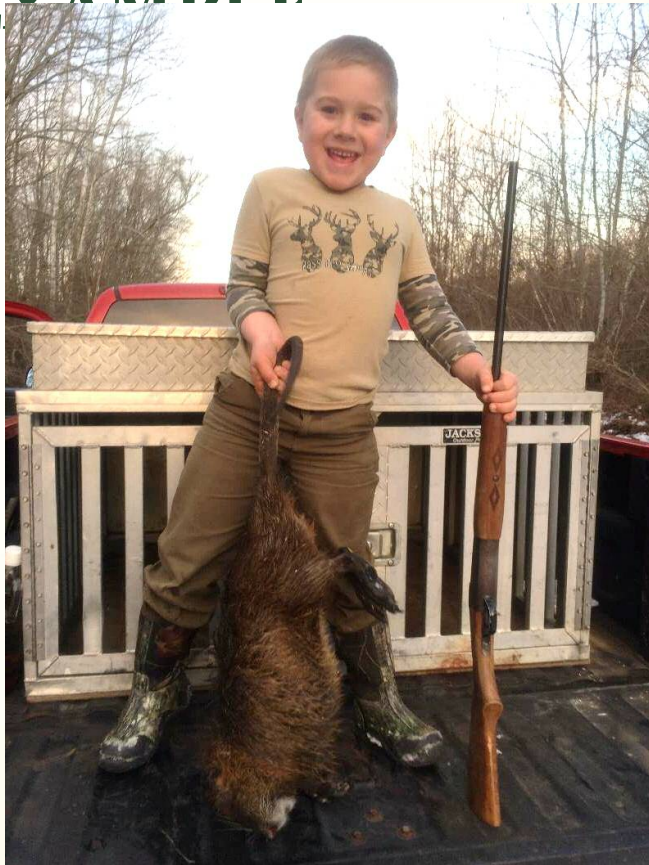
Nutria Impacts

- Waterfowl impoundment infrastructure damage
 - Camden, Currituck, Tyrell
 - Hyde
 - Beaufort, Pamlico
- Predation on shorebird eggs
 - Oregon Inlet
 - Pea Island
- Misc.:
 - Gardens
 - Duck dogs bitten
 - Bank damage in subdivisions



FUTURE CHALLENGES – MEHERRIN RIVER

EXAMPLE



FUTURE CHALLENGES – MEHERRIN RIVER EXAMPLE



A BIG PROBLEM BUT WORTHY OF RESOLVE



- Over 980,000 acres of coastal wetland habitat in Virginia is considered “at risk” if nutria continue to expand their range

